Get Ready for Grade 9 Multiplication Tables Worked Examples and Practice
Example 1: Use your knowledge of multiplication tables to evaluate each of the following.
a) $6 \times 7$
b) $5 \times 8$
c) $9 \times 12$
d) $10 \times 11$

## Solution:

You must memorize the multiplication table shown.
a) $6 \times 7=42$
b) $5 \times 8=40$
c) $9 \times 12=108$
d) $10 \times 11=110$

|  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |  |
| 2 |  | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 24 |
| 3 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 | 33 | 36 |  |
| 4 |  | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 | 44 | 48 |
| 5 | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 60 |  |
| 6 |  | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 | 66 | 72 |
| 7 | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 | 77 | 84 |  |
| 8 | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 | 88 | 96 |  |
| 9 | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 | 99 | 108 |  |
| 10 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 | 110 | 120 |  |
| 11 | 11 | 22 | 33 | 44 | 55 | 66 | 77 | 88 | 99 | 110 | 121 | 132 |  |
| 12 | 12 | 24 | 36 | 48 | 60 | 72 | 84 | 96 | 108 | 120 | 132 | 144 |  |

Example 2: Use your knowledge of multiplication tables to find two single-digit integers that multiply to give each of the following numbers.
a) 45
b) 56
c) 72
d) 21

## Solution:

a) $45=5 \times 9$
b) $56=7 \times 8$
c) $72=8 \times 9$
d) $21=3 \times 7$

Example 3: Find the smallest number that is divisible by 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6.
Solution: Since 2 is a factor, the number must be even. Since 5 is a factor, the number must end in 5 or 0 . Therefore, possible candidates are 10, 20, 30, 40,50, and 60 . Your knowledge of the multiplication tables will show that only 60 is also divisible by 4 and by 6 . Therefore, the answer is 60 .

Example 4: Find all of the numbers between 3 and 12 which divide evenly into 36 .
Solution: Your knowledge of the multiplication tables can be used to show that the numbers are $3,4,6,9$, and 12.

## Practice:

1. Use your knowledge of multiplication tables to evaluate each of the following.
a) $9 \times 4$
b) $6 \times 8$
c) $11 \times 12$
d) $10 \times 6$
2. Use your knowledge of multiplication tables to find two single-digit integers that multiply to the given number.
a) 27
b) 54
c) 63
d) 35
3. Find the smallest number that is divisible by 2,6 , and 10 .
4. Find all of the numbers between 3 and 12 which divide evenly into 48.

Answers:

1. a) 36 b) 48 c) 132 d) 60
2. a) $3 \times 9$ b) $6 \times 9$ c) $7 \times 9$ d) $5 \times 7$
3. 30
4. $3,4,6,8,12$
