

- Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus™ Family
- Low-Power Advanced CMOS Technology
- Operates From 3-V to 3.6-V V_{CC}
- Load Clock and Unload Clock Can Be Asynchronous or Coincident
- Full, Empty, and Half-Full Flags
- Programmable Almost-Full/Almost-Empty Flag
- Fast Access Times of 18 ns With a 50-pF Load and All Data Outputs Switching Simultaneously
- Data Rates up to 40 MHz
- 3-State Outputs
- Pin-to-Pin Compatible With SN74ACT7804, SN74ACT7806, and SN74ACT7814
- Packaged in Shrink Small-Outline 300-mil Package Using 25-mil Center-to-Center Spacing

description

A FIFO memory is a storage device that allows data to be written into and read from its array at independent data rates. The SN74ALVC7806 is an 18-bit FIFO with high speed and fast access times. Data is processed at rates up to 40 MHz with access times of 18 ns in a bit-parallel format. These memories are designed for 3-V to 3.6-V V_{CC} operation.

Data is written into memory on a low-to-high transition of the load clock (LDCK) and is read out on a low-to-high transition of the unload clock (UNCK). The memory is full when the number of words clocked in exceeds the number of words clocked out by 256. When the memory is full, LDCK has no effect on the data residing in memory. When the memory is empty, UNCK has no effect.

Status of the FIFO memory is monitored by the full (\overline{FULL}), empty (\overline{EMPTY}), half-full (HF), and almost-full/almost-empty (AF/AE) flags. The \overline{FULL} output is low when the memory is full and high when the memory is not full. The \overline{EMPTY} output is low when the memory is empty and high when it is not empty. The HF output is high whenever the FIFO contains 128 or more words and low when it contains 127 or fewer words. The AF/AE status flag is a programmable flag. The first one or two low-to-high transitions of LDCK after reset are used to program the almost-empty offset value (X) and the almost-full offset value (Y) if program enable (\overline{PEN}) is low. The AF/AE flag is high when the FIFO contains X or fewer words or (256 – Y) or more words. The AF/AE flag is low when the FIFO contains between (X + 1) and (255 – Y) words.

DL PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

RESET	1	56	OE
D17	2	55	Q17
D16	3	54	Q16
D15	4	53	Q15
D14	5	52	GND
D13	6	51	Q14
D12	7	50	V_{CC}
D11	8	49	Q13
D10	9	48	Q12
V_{CC}	10	47	Q11
D9	11	46	Q10
D8	12	45	Q9
GND	13	44	GND
D7	14	43	Q8
D6	15	42	Q7
D5	16	41	Q6
D4	17	40	Q5
D3	18	39	V_{CC}
D2	19	38	Q4
D1	20	37	Q3
D0	21	36	Q2
HF	22	35	GND
\overline{PEN}	23	34	Q1
AF/AE	24	33	Q0
LDCK	25	32	UNCK
NC	26	31	NC
NC	27	30	NC
FULL	28	29	EMPTY

NC – No internal connection



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**TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

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SN74ALVC7806

256 × 18

LOW-POWER FIRST-IN, FIRST-OUT MEMORY

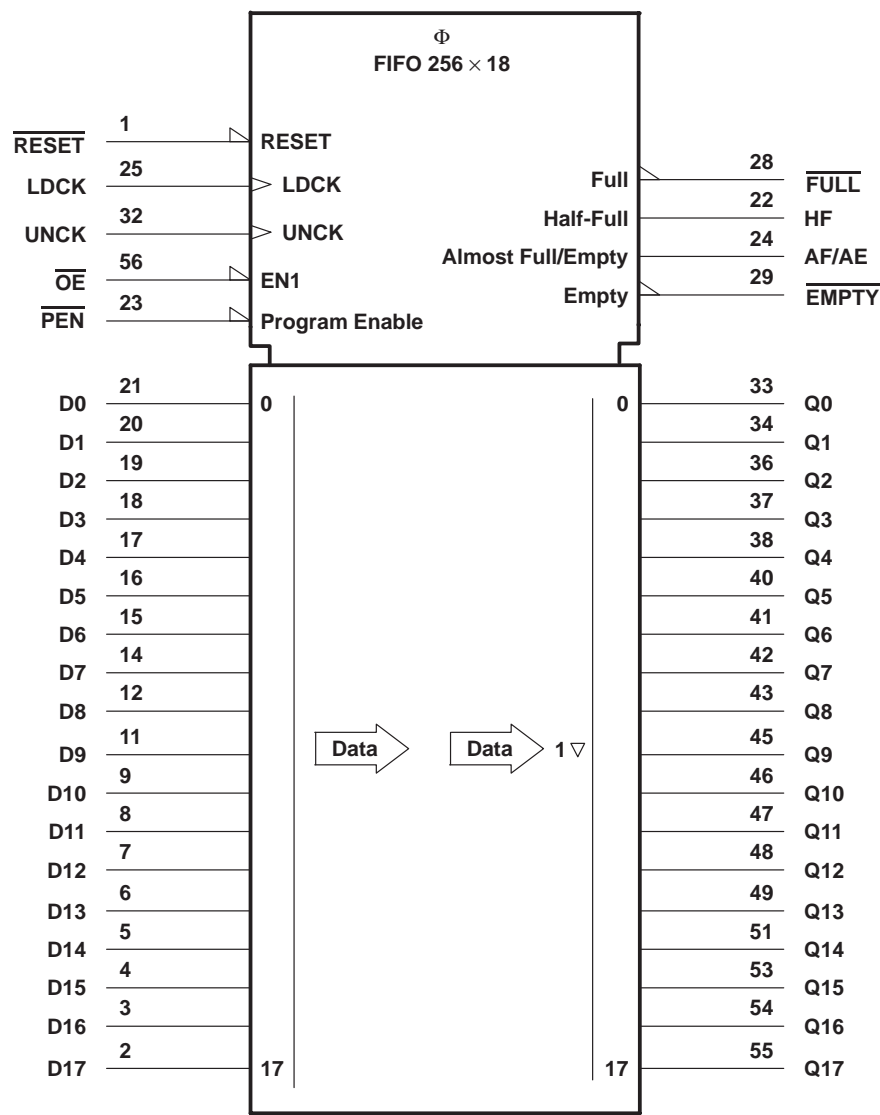
SCAS591A – OCTOBER 1997 – REVISED APRIL 1998

description (continued)

A low level on the reset ($\overline{\text{RESET}}$) resets the internal stack pointers and sets $\overline{\text{FULL}}$ high, AF/AE high, HF low, and $\overline{\text{EMPTY}}$ low. The Q outputs are not reset to any specific logic level. The FIFO must be reset on power up. The first word loaded into empty memory causes $\overline{\text{EMPTY}}$ to go high and the data to appear on the Q outputs. The data outputs are in the high-impedance state when the output-enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) is high.

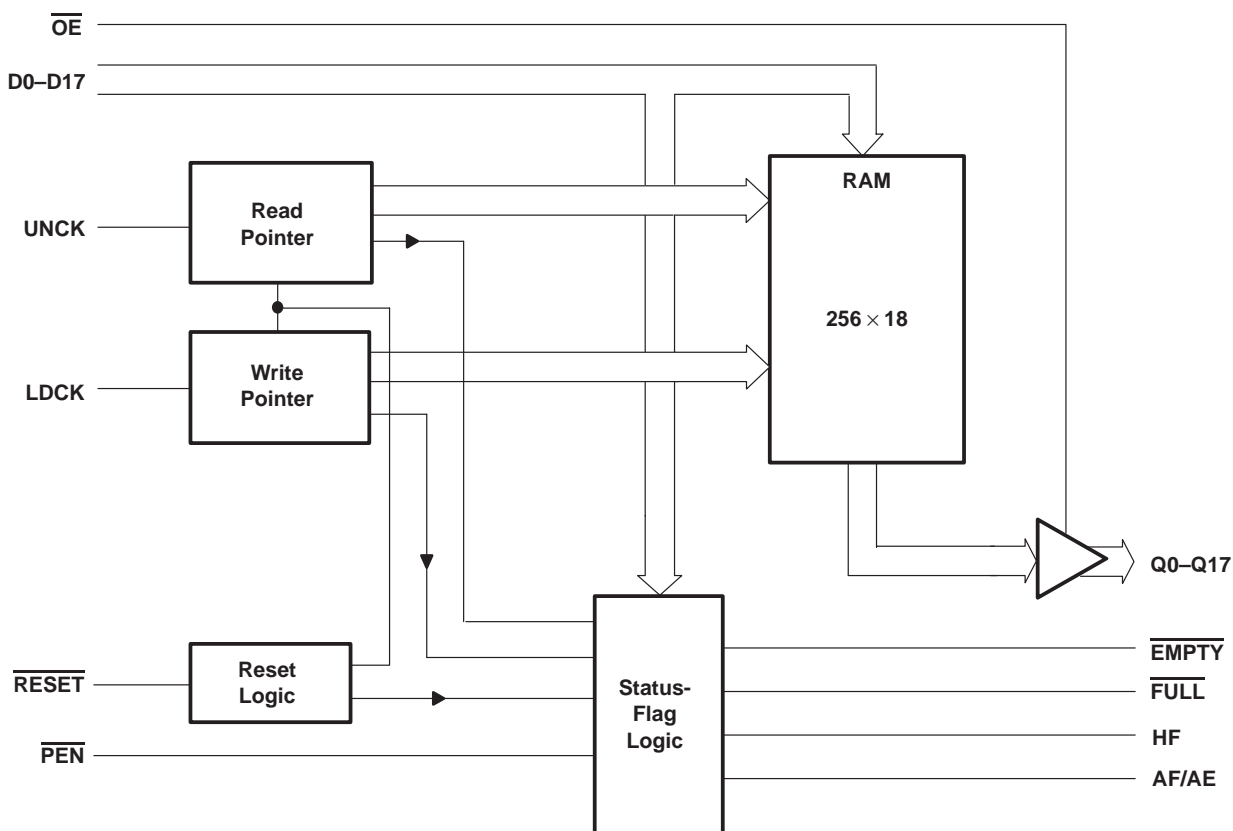
The SN74ALVC7806 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

logic symbol†



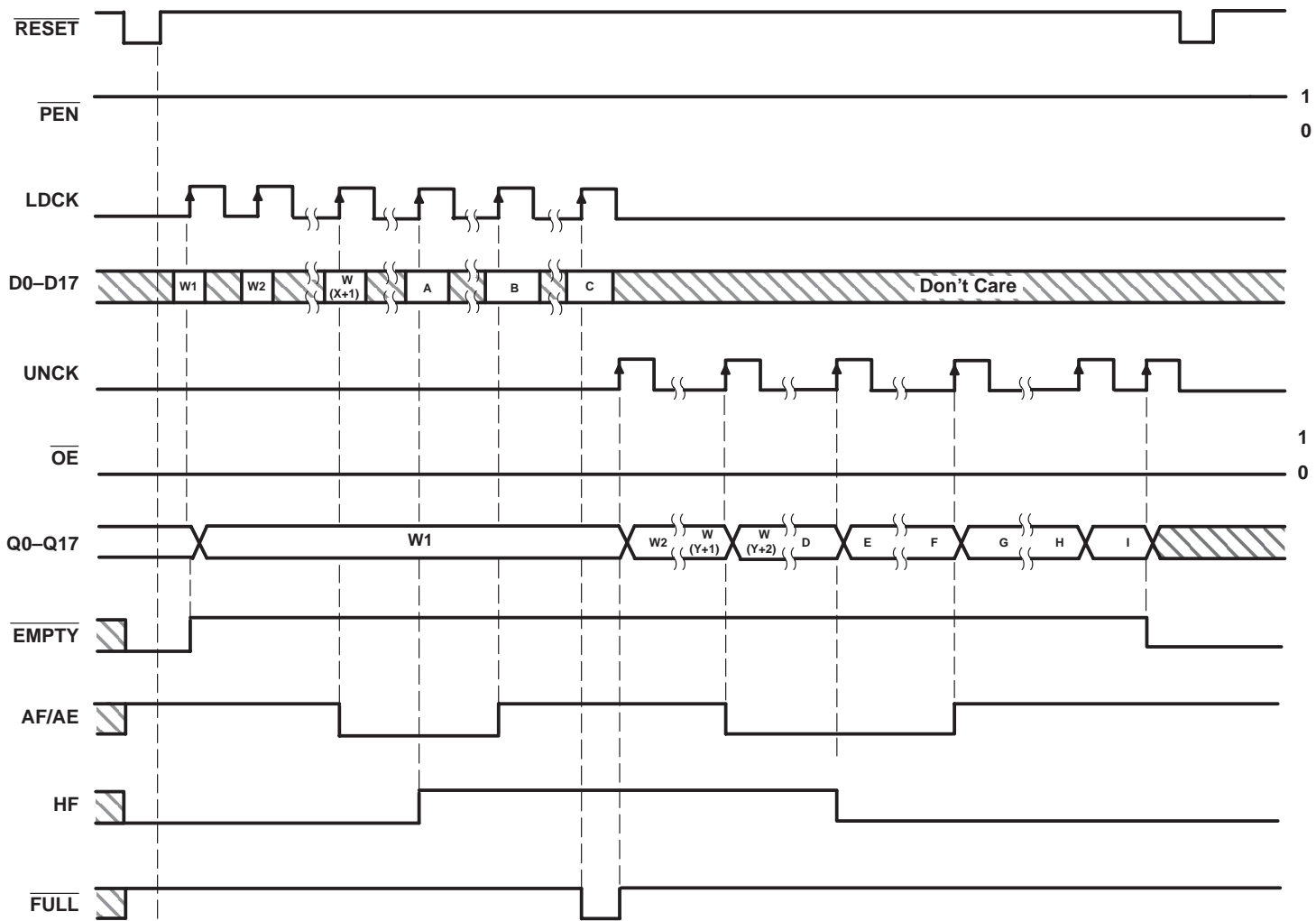
† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

functional block diagram



Terminal Functions

TERMINAL NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
AF/AE	24	O	Almost full/almost empty flag. Depth-offset values can be programmed for this flag or the default value of 64 can be used for both the almost empty offset (X) and the almost full offset (Y). AF/AE is high when memory contains X or fewer words or (256 – Y) or more words. AF/AE is high after reset.
D0–D17	2–9, 11–12, 14–21	I	18-bit data input port
\overline{EMPTY}	29	O	Empty flag. \overline{EMPTY} is low when the FIFO is empty. A FIFO reset also causes \overline{EMPTY} to go low.
\overline{FULL}	28	O	Full flag. \overline{FULL} is low when the FIFO is full. A FIFO reset causes \overline{FULL} to go high.
HF	22	O	Half-full flag. HF is high when the FIFO memory contains 128 or more words. HF is low after reset.
LDCK	25	I	Load clock. Data is written to the FIFO on the rising edge of LDCK when \overline{FULL} is high.
\overline{OE}	56	I	Output enable. When \overline{OE} is high, the data outputs are in the high-impedance state.
\overline{PEN}	23	I	Program enable. After reset and before the first word is written to the FIFO, the binary value on D0–D7 is latched as an AF/AE offset value when \overline{PEN} is low and WRTCLK is high.
Q0–Q17	33–34, 36–38, 40–43, 45–49, 51, 53–55	O	18-bit data output port
RESET	1	I	Reset. A low level on RESET resets the FIFO and drives AF/AE and \overline{FULL} high and HF and \overline{EMPTY} low.
UNCK	32	I	Unload clock. Data is read from the FIFO on the rising edge of UNCK when \overline{EMPTY} is high.



Define the AF/AE Flag Using the Default Value of X and Y

Figure 1. Write, Read, and Flag Timing Reference

DATA-WORD NUMBERS FOR FLAG TRANSITIONS

DEVICE	TRANSITION WORD								
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
SN74ALVC7806	W128	W(256 – Y)	W256	W129	W130	W(256 – X)	W(257 – X)	W255	W256

Figure 1. Write, Read, and Flag Timing Reference (Continued)

offset values for AF/AE

The AF/AE flag has two programmable limits: the almost-empty offset value (X) and the almost-full offset value (Y). They can be programmed after the FIFO is reset and before the first word is written to memory. The AF/AE flag is high when the FIFO contains X or fewer words or (256 – Y) or more words.

To program the offset values, $\overline{\text{PEN}}$ can be brought low after reset. On the following low-to-high transition of LDCK, the binary value on D0–D7 is stored as the almost-empty offset value (X) and the almost-full offset value (Y). Holding $\overline{\text{PEN}}$ low for another low-to-high transition of LDCK reprograms Y to the binary value on D0–D7 at the time of the second LDCK low-to-high transition. Writes to the FIFO memory are disabled while the offsets are programmed. A maximum value of 127 can be programmed for either X or Y (see Figure 2). To use the default values of X = Y = 32, $\overline{\text{PEN}}$ must be held high.

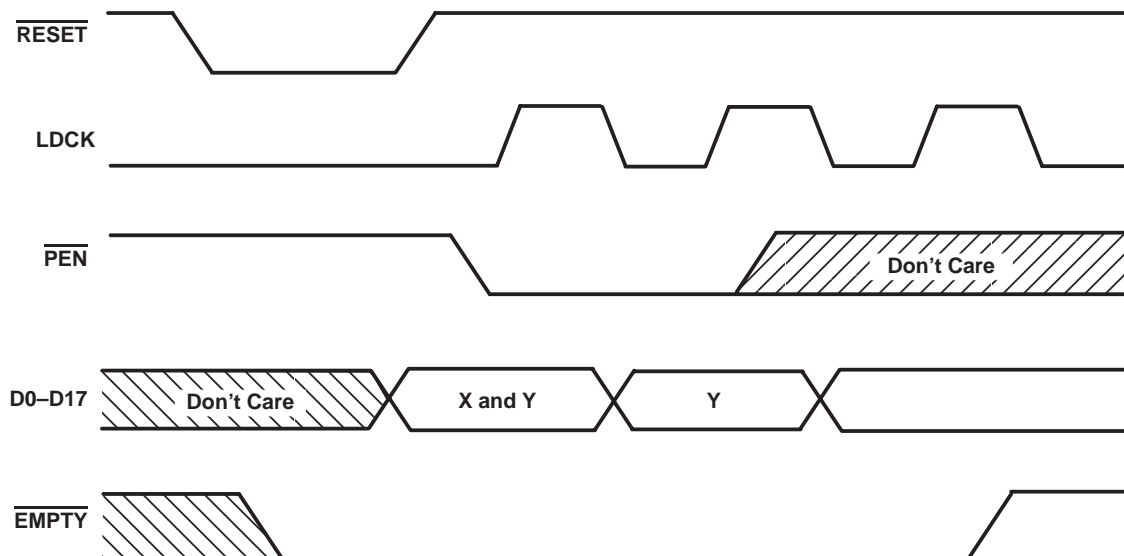


Figure 1. Programming X and Y Separately

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage range, V_{CC}	–0.5 V to 4.6 V
Input voltage range, V_I (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 4.6 V
Output voltage range, V_O (see Notes 1 and 2)	–0.5 V to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V
Voltage range applied to a disabled 3-state output	–0.5 V to 3.6 V
Input clamp current, I_{IK} ($V_I < 0$)	–50 mA
Output clamp current, I_{OK} ($V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$)	±50 mA
Continuous output current, I_O ($V_O = 0$ to V_{CC})	±50 mA
Continuous current through V_{CC} or GND	±100 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ_{JA} (see Note 3)	74°C/W
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	–65°C to 150°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. The input and output voltage ratings can be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
 2. This value is limited to 4.6 V maximum.
 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

recommended operating conditions

		'ALVC7806-25		'ALVC7806-40		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	3	3.6	3	3.6	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	2		2		V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		0.8		0.8	V
V_I	Input voltage	0	V_{CC}	0	V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0	V_{CC}	0	V_{CC}	V
I_{OH}	High-level output current, Q outputs, flags	$V_{CC} = 3$ V		–8		mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current, Q outputs, flags	$V_{CC} = 3$ V		16		mA
T_A	Operating free-air temperature	0	70	0	70	°C

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP‡	MAX	UNIT
VOH	Flags, Q outputs	VCC = 3 V to 3.6 V,	IOH = −100 μA	VCC−0.2		2.4	V
		VCC = 3 V,	IOH = −8 mA				
VOL	Flags, Q outputs	VCC = 3 V to 3.6 V,	IOL = 100 μA			0.2	V
	Flags	VCC = 3 V,	IOL = 8 mA			0.4	
	Q outputs	VCC = 3 V,	IOL = 16 mA			0.55	
II		VCC = 3.6 V,	VI = VCC or GND			±5	μA
IOZ		VCC = 3.6 V,	VO = VCC or GND			±10	μA
ICC		VCC = 3.6 V,	VI = VCC or GND and IO = 0			40	μA
ΔICC§		VCC = 3.6 V, One input at VCC−0.6 V, Other inputs at VCC or GND			500		μA
Ci		VCC = 3.3 V,	VI = VCC or GND	3			pF
Co		VCC = 3.3 V,	VO = VCC or GND	6			pF

[‡] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

[§] This is the supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than 0 V or V_{CC} .

timing requirements over recommended operating conditions (see Figures 1 through 3)

			'ALVC7806-25		'ALVC7806-40		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f _{clock}	Clock frequency		40		25		MHz
t _w	Pulse duration	D0–D17 high or low	8		12		ns
		LDCK high or low	8		12		
		UNCK high or low	8		12		
		$\overline{\text{PEN}}$ low	8		12		
		$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ low	10		12		
t _{su}	Setup time	D0–D17 before LDCK↑	5		5		ns
		LDCK inactive before $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ high	6		6		
		$\overline{\text{PEN}}$ before LDCK↑	8		8		
t _h	Hold time	D0–D17 after LDCK↑	0		0		ns
		$\overline{\text{PEN}}$ high after LDCK low	0		0		
		$\overline{\text{PEN}}$ low after LDCK↑	3		3		
		LDCK inactive after $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ high	6		6		

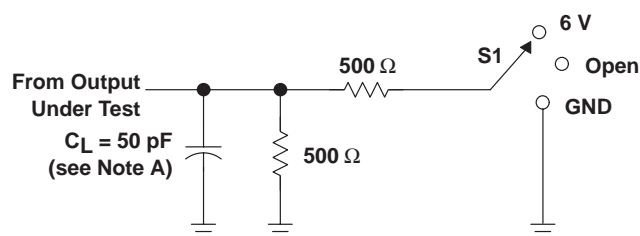
switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, C_L = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	'ALVC7806-25		'ALVC7806-40		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f _{max}	LDCK or UNCK		40		25		MHz
t _{pd}	LDCK↑	Any Q	9	22	9	24	ns
	UNCK↑		6	18	6	20	
t _{PLH}	LDCK↑	EMPTY	6	17	6	19	ns
t _{PHL}	UNCK↑	EMPTY	6	17	6	19	ns
	RESET low		4	18	4	20	
	LDCK↑	FULL	6	17	6	19	
t _{PLH}	UNCK↑	FULL	6	17	6	19	ns
	RESET low		4	20	4	22	
t _{pd}	LDCK↑	AF/AE	7	20	7	22	ns
	UNCK↑		7	20	7	22	
t _{PLH}	RESET low	AF/AE	2	12	2	14	ns
	LDCK↑	HF	5	20	5	22	
t _{PHL}	UNCK↑	HF	7	20	7	22	ns
	RESET low		3	14	3	16	
t _{en}	OE	Any Q	2	10	2	11	ns
t _{dis}	OE	Any Q	2	11	2	12	ns

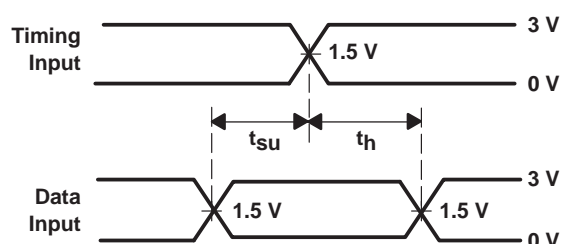
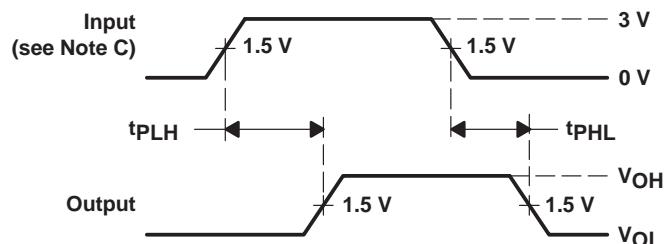
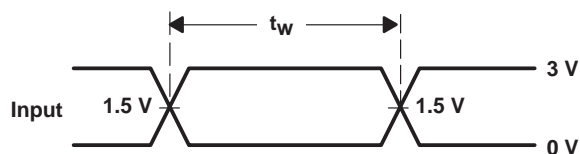
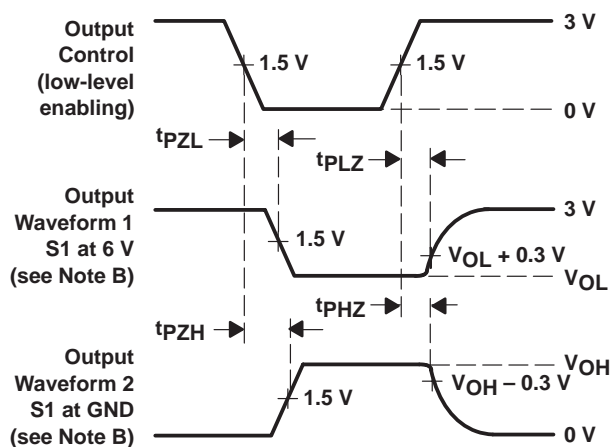
operating characteristics, V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
C _{pd}	Power dissipation capacitance per FIFO channel	Outputs enabled	C _L = 50 pF, f = 5 MHz	53	pF

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



LOAD CIRCUIT FOR OUTPUTS

VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
SETUP AND HOLD TIMESVOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PROPAGATION DELAY TIMESVOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PULSE DURATIONVOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES

- NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r \leq 2.5 \text{ ns}$, $t_f \leq 2.5 \text{ ns}$.

Figure 2. Standard CMOS Outputs (FULL, EMPTY, HF, AF/AE)

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

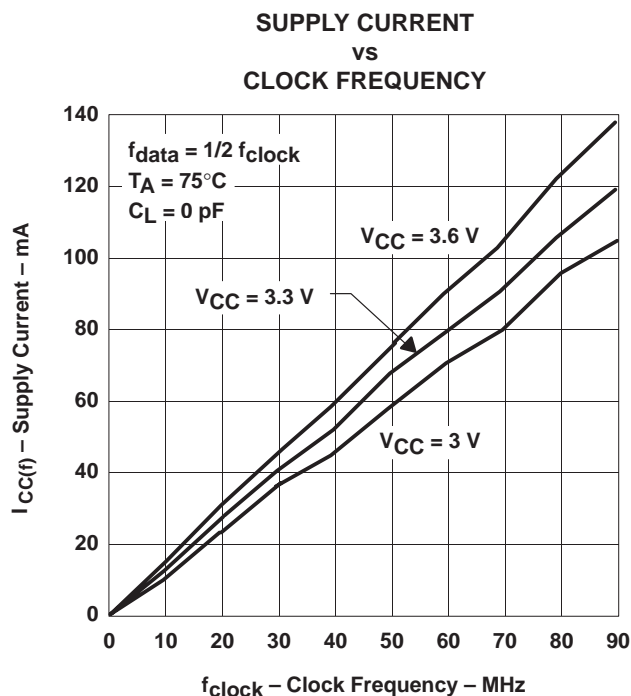


Figure 3

APPLICATION INFORMATION

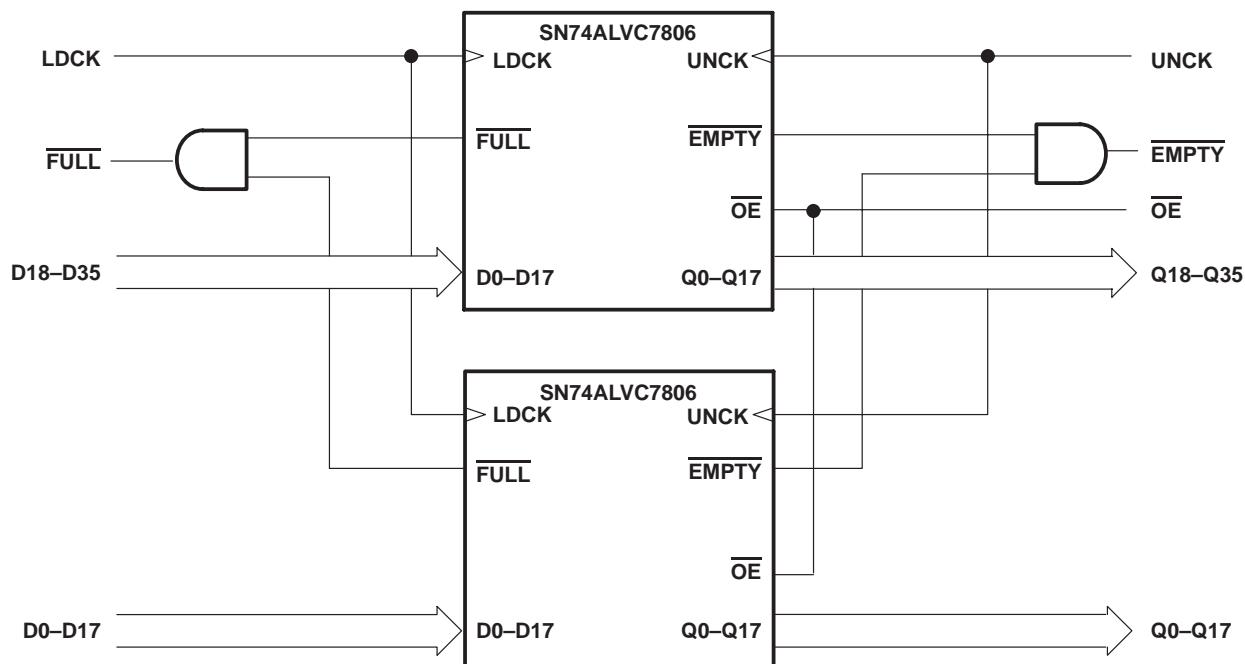


Figure 4. Word-Width Expansion: 256 × 36 Bits

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