Assignment 3: Solving Equations (0.1&2) Please provide a handwritten response.

Name_____

1a. One way to solve algebraic equations in *Maple* is to use the **solve** command. For example, we can find the zeros of $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 2$ by executing the command $f := x - x^2 - 3 + x + 2$; followed by

solve(
$$f(x)=0,x$$
);

Record the result below.

1b. The **solve** command can be used on more complicated equations. Execute the command

$$f:=x->x^3-x^2-2*x+2;$$

followed by **solve** (**f**(**x**) = **0**, **x**); to find the zeros of $f(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 2x + 2$, and record the result below.

1c. Once again, *Maple* did not give a completely decimal answer. We can achieve a decimal answer by using the **fsolve** command. Execute the command

$$fsolve(f(x)=0,x);$$

and record the result below.

2a. Sometimes the **solve** command is unable to solve an equation algebraically; in this case we can try to solve it numerically, as mentioned in Example 2.7 of the text, using the **fsolve** command. As an example, execute the command

solve
$$(\cos(x) = x^2 - 1, x)$$
;

to try to solve the equation $cos(x) = x^2 - 1$. (We will learn how to use *Maple* with trigonometric functions in general later.) *Maple* could not give an algebraic answer. Now try the command

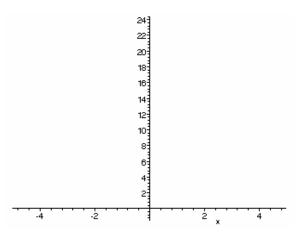
fsolve (
$$cos(x)=x^2-1,x$$
);

Record the output below; did we get our answer?

2b. To find all the roots, we will begin with a graph to show approximately where the solution(s), if any, might be found. Execute the command

$$plot([cos(x),x^2-1],x=-5..5);$$

to plot each side of our equation as a function of x over the domain $-5 \le x \le 5$, and sketch the result on the axes at right. It seems from this graph that there are solutions at roughly $x = \pm 1$, and we can now use this information in the **fsolve** command.



2c. Execute the command

fsolve (cos(x)=
$$x^2-1$$
, x=1);

to find an accurate value of the solution of the equation near x = 1, and likewise execute

fsolve
$$(\cos(x) = x^2 - 1, x = -1)$$
;

to do the same near x = -1; record the results below.

2d. Now change parts **b** and **c** so as to solve the equation $\cos x = x^2 - 5$ instead; remember to replace the **1** in **x=1** to an appropriate starting value suggested by your graph, and similarly for **x=-1**. Record the solutions below.

3a. Maple can perform many other algebraic operations. For example, the **expand** command expands algebraic expressions; execute the command **expand((x+y)^7)**; to expand the binomial expression $(x + y)^7$, and record the result below.

3b. Likewise the **factor** command factors expressions; execute the command

factor
$$(x^4-3*x^2+2)$$
;

to find the factors of $x^4 - 3x^2 + 2$, and record the result below.