## Lesson 10-2

## Example 1 Identify Angles

Identify the pair of angles as complementary, supplementary, or neither.

$\angle 1$ and $\angle 2$ form a straight angle. So, the angles are supplementary.

## Example 2 Identify Angles

Identify the pair of angles as complementary, supplementary, or neither.

$43^{\circ}+47^{\circ}=90^{\circ}$
The angles are complementary.

Example 3 Find a Missing Angle Measure
ALGEBRA Find the value of $x$.
Since the two angles form a straight line, they are supplementary.


| Words | The sum of the measures <br> of $\angle E F G$ and $\angle G F H$ | is | $180^{\circ}$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Variable | Let $x$ represent the measure of $\angle G F H$. |  |  |
| Equation | $155+x$ | $=$ | 180 |


| $155+x=$ | 180 |
| ---: | :--- |
| -155 | -155 |
| $x=25$ |  | Write the equation. $\quad$ Subtract 155 from each side.

So, the value of $x$ is 25 .

