## main points

- Gases can be described by their properties such as density, temperature, and pressure.

Pressure is a measure of force per unit area.
The pressure and volume of a gas are inversely related (all other conditions constant).

- The volume and temperature of a gas are directly related (all other conditions constant).

The volume and number of moles of a gas are directly related (all other conditions constant).

These relationships lead to the ideal gas equation.
The ideal gas equation can be used to determine a number of characteristics of a gas, including the density and molar mass.

A number of "real-world" applications for these relationships were discussed, including automobile air bags, refrigeration, and thermal pollution.

