

Simulation is a modeling and analysis technique used to evaluate and improve dynamic systems of all types. It has grown from a relatively obscure technology used by only a few specialists to a widely accepted tool used by decision makers at all levels in an organization. Imagine being in a highly competitive industry and managing a manufacturing or service facility that is burdened by outdated technologies and inefficient management practices. In order to stay competitive, you know that changes must be made, but you are not exactly sure what changes would work best, or if certain changes will work at all. You would like to be able to try out a few different ideas, but you recognize that this would be very time-consuming, expensive, and disruptive to the current operation. Now, suppose that there was some magical way you could make a duplicate of your system and have unlimited freedom to rearrange activities, reallocate resources, or change any operating procedures. What if you could even try out completely new technologies and radical new innovations all within just a matter of minutes or hours? Suppose, further, that all of this experimentation could be done in compressed time with automatic tracking and reporting of key performance measures. Not only would you discover ways to improve your operation, but it could all be achieved risk free—without committing any capital, wasting any time, or disrupting the current system. This is precisely the kind of capability that simulation provides. Simulation lets you experiment with a computer model of your system in compressed time, giving you decision-making capability that is unattainable in any other way.

This text is geared toward simulation courses taught at either a graduate or an undergraduate level. It contains an ideal blend of theory and practice and covers the use of simulation in both manufacturing and service systems. This makes it well suited for use in courses in either an engineering or a business curriculum. It is also suitable for simulation courses taught in statistics and computer science programs. The strong focus on the practical aspects of simulation also makes it a book that any practitioner of simulation would want to have on hand.

This text is designed to be used in conjunction with ProModel simulation software, which accompanies the book. ProModel is one of the most powerful and popular simulation packages used today for its ease of use and flexibility. ProModel was the first fully commercial, Windows-based simulation package and the first to introduce simulation optimization. ProModel is already being used in thousands of organizations and taught in hundreds of universities and colleges throughout the world. While many teaching aids have been developed to train individuals in the use of ProModel, this is the first full-fledged textbook written for teaching simulation using ProModel.

Simulation is definitely a learn-by-doing activity. The goal of this text is not simply to introduce students to the topic of simulation, but to actually develop competence in the use of simulation. To this end, the book contains plenty of real-life examples, case studies, and lab exercises to give students actual experience in the use of simulation. Simulation texts often place too much emphasis on the theory behind simulation and not enough emphasis on how it is used in actual

problem-solving situations. In simulation courses we have taught over the years, the strongest feedback we have received from students is that they wish they had more hands-on time with simulation beginning from the very first week of the semester.

This text is divided into two parts: a section on the general science and practice of simulation, and a lab section to train students in the use of ProModel. While the book is intended for use with ProModel, the division of the book into two parts permits a modular use of the book, allowing either part to be used independently of any other part.

Part I consists of study chapters covering the science and technology of simulation. The first four chapters introduce the topic of simulation, its application to system design and improvement, and how simulation works. Chapters 5 through 10 present both the practical and theoretical aspects of conducting a simulation project and applying simulation optimization. Chapters 11 through 13 cover specific applications of simulation to manufacturing, material handling, and service systems.

Part II is the lab portion of the book containing exercises for developing simulation skills using ProModel. The labs are correlated with the reading chapters in Part I so that Lab 1 should be completed along with Chapter 1 and so on. There are 13 chapters and 13 labs. The labs are designed to be self-teaching. Students are walked through the steps of modeling a particular situation and then are given exercises to complete on their own.

This text focuses on the use of simulation to solve problems in the two most common types of systems today: manufacturing and service systems. Nearly 15 percent of the U.S. workforce is employed in manufacturing. In 1955, about one-half of the U.S. workforce worked in the service sector. Today nearly 80 percent of the American workforce can be found in service-related occupations. Manufacturing and service systems share much in common. They both consist of activities, resources, and controls for processing incoming entities. The performance objectives in both instances relate to quality, efficiency, cost reduction, process time reduction, and customer satisfaction. In addition to having common elements and objectives, they are also often interrelated. Manufacturing systems are supported by service activities such as product design, order management, or maintenance. Service systems receive support from production activities such as food production, check processing, or printing. Regardless of the industry in which one ends up, an understanding of the modeling issues underlying both systems will be helpful.

Electronic Textbook Options

Etextbooks are an innovative way for students to save money and create a greener environment at the same time. An ebook can save students about half the cost of a traditional textbook and offers unique features like a powerful search engine, highlighting, and the ability to share notes with classmates using ebooks.

McGraw-Hill offers this text as an ebook. To talk about the ebook options, contact your McGraw-Hill sales rep or visit the site www.coursesmart.com to learn more.

Online Supplements

In addition to the printed text, numerous supplemental materials are available on the McGraw-Hill Web site at www.mhhe.com/harrell3e. These include case studies, PowerPoint slides and ProModel software downloads. The case studies are taken mostly from actual scenarios that can be assigned as simulation projects. They are intended as capstone experiences to give students an opportunity to bring together what they have learned in the course to solve a real-life problem.

McGraw-Hill Create™

Craft your teaching resources to match the way you teach! With McGraw-Hill Create™, www.mcgrawhillcreate.com, you can easily rearrange chapters, combine material from other content sources, and quickly upload content you have written like your course syllabus or teaching notes. Find the content you need in Create by searching through thousands of leading McGraw-Hill textbooks. Arrange your book to fit your teaching style. Create even allows you to personalize your book's appearance by selecting the cover and adding your name, school, and course information. Order a Create book and you'll receive a complimentary print review copy in 3–5 business days or a complimentary electronic review copy (eComp) via email in minutes. Go to www.mcgrawhillcreate.com today and register to experience how McGraw-Hill Create™ empowers you to teach *your* students *your* way.

McGraw-Hill Higher Education and Blackboard Have Teamed Up



Blackboard, the Web-based course-management system, has partnered with McGraw-Hill to better allow students and faculty to use online materials and activities to complement face-to-face teaching. Blackboard features exciting social learning and teaching tools that foster more logical, visually impactful and active learning opportunities for students. You'll transform your closed-door classrooms into communities where students remain connected to their educational experience 24 hours a day.

This partnership allows you and your students access to McGraw-Hill's Create™ right from within your Blackboard course—all with one single sign-on. McGraw-Hill and Blackboard can now offer you easy access to industry leading technology and content, whether your campus hosts it, or we do. Be sure to ask your local McGraw-Hill representative for details.

No work of this magnitude is performed in a vacuum, independently of the help and assistance of others. We are indebted to many colleagues, associates, and other individuals who had a hand in this project. John Mauer (Geer Mountain Software) provided valuable information on input modeling and the use of Stat::Fit. Dr. John D. Hall (APT Research, Inc.) and Dr. Allen G. Greenwood (Mississippi State University) helped to develop and refine the ANOVA material in Chapter 9. Kerim Tumay provided valuable input on the issues associated with service system simulation.

We are grateful to all the reviewers of past editions not only for their helpful feedback, but also for their generous contributions and insights. For their work in preparation of this third edition, we particularly want to thank: Krishna Krishnan, Wichita State University; Robert H. Seidman, Southern New Hampshire University; Lee Tichenor, Western Illinois University; Hongyi Chen, University of Minnesota, Duluth; Anne Henriksen, James Madison University; Leonid Shnayder, Stevens Institute of Technology; Bob Kolvoord, James Madison University; Dave Keranen, University of Minnesota, Duluth; Wade H Shaw, Florida Institute of Technology; and Marwa Hassan, Louisiana State University.

Many individuals were motivational and even inspirational in taking on this project: Peter Kalish, Rob Bateman, Lou Keller, Averill Law, Richard Wysk, Dennis Pegden, and Joyce Kupsh, to name a few. We would especially like to thank our families for their encouragement and for so generously tolerating the disruption of normal life caused by this project.

Thanks to all of the students who provided valuable feedback on the first and second editions of the text. It is for the primary purpose of making simulation interesting and worthwhile for students that we have written this book.

We are especially indebted to all the wonderful people at PROMODEL Corporation who have been so cooperative in providing software and documentation. Were it not for the excellent software tools and accommodating support staff at PROMODEL, this book would not have been written.

Finally, we thank the editorial and production staff at McGraw-Hill: Peter Massar, Lora Neyens, Melissa Leick, and Brittney Corrigan-McElroy. They have been great to work with.