THE CORE CONCEPTS IN HEALTH LEARNING SYSTEMS

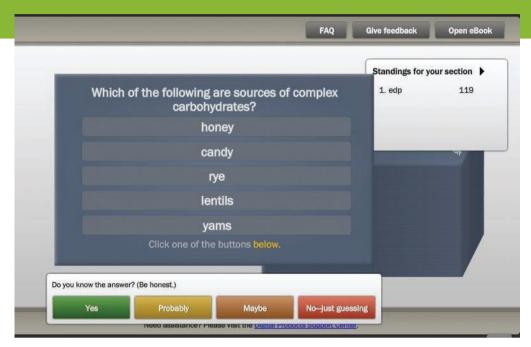
Connect Core Concepts in Health is an integrated program designed to personalize the science of personal health and to motivate students to build research skills, critical thinking skills, and behavior change skills for lifelong health. The new edition of Connect Core Concepts in Health combines the expert content you've come to expect with an increased focus on behavior change and personalization—personal learning styles, personal motivation, and personal responsibility. Highlights of the 13th edition include

- The LearnSmart adaptive testing program, which creates individualized study plans for each student, helping to build a strong foundation of knowledge.
- The latest scientific findings, data, and statistics, with up-to-date coverage of topics ranging from the government's MyPlate food guidance system to the potential positive and negative effects of digital communication technologies to the latest physical activity recommendations.
- A new "Wellness on Campus" feature in every chapter that explores specific health and wellness issues as they pertain to college students.
- A new media bank in Connect, offering easy access to all of the video content available with Connect Core Concepts in Health.



A PERSONAL PLAN FOR LEARNING

McGraw-Hill's LearnSmart is an adaptive learning system designed to help students learn faster, study more efficiently, and retain knowledge for greater success. Through a series of adaptive questions, LearnSmart continually measures and monitors each student's progress. LearnSmart provides each student with a unique, individualized learning path to help him or her increase knowledge and competencies while helping to make class time more interactive and productive.





WELLNESS ON CAMPLIS

Deliberate Self-Harm

In general, people want to be well and healthy, protect themselves from harm, and try to make use of the guidance that this book gives. But surprisingly, there are individuals—predominantly in their teens and adolescence—who deliberately harm themselves, although in a nonfatal way. One common method is to cut or burn their skin, leaving scars that may serve as visible representation of emotional pain that they shamefully hide beneath their clothes. Self-cutting and other self-injurious behaviors are not aestheti-

Self-cutting and other self-injurious behaviors are not aesthetically motivated. Many report seeking the physical sensations (including pain) produced by a self-inflected injury, which may temporarily relieve feelings of tension, perhaps through a release of endorphin-

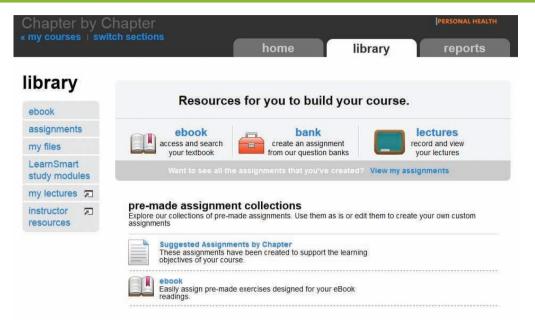
In 2011 a research group led by Alicia Meuret, an associate professor of psychology at Southern Methodist University, conducted surveys on more than 550 college students and found that over 20% had engaged in self-injury at some point, which is consistent with prevalence estimates in other studies on college populations. In examining differences between self-injurers and non-injurers, individuals that had recently engaged in self-harm were significantly more depressed, anxious, and disgusted with themselves. Compared to non-injurers, self-injurers were roughly 4 times more likely to report a history of physical abuse and 11 times more likely to report a history of sexual abuse.

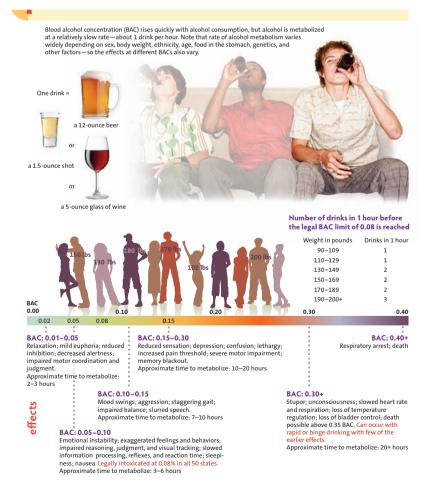


Self-injury is not the same as a suicide attempt, but individuals who repeatedly hurt themselves are more likely to commit suicide than the general population. In any case, self-injury should be taken seriously. If you do it, talk to a counselor. If someone you know does it, try to convince him or her to talk to a counselor.

NEW "Wellness on Campus" features highlight health and wellness issues that are of particular relevance to college students. Topics include alcoholic energy drinks, eating well while on campus, and protecting against STDs.

Connect Core Concepts in Health gives students access to a wealth of interactive online content, including fitness labs and selfassessments, video activities, a fitness and nutrition journal, a behavior change workbook. and practice guizzes with immediate feedback. Additionally, the media-rich eBook available with Connect Plus contains embedded video clips, full-color images, links to discipline-specific sites, key terms and definitions, and behavior change tools.



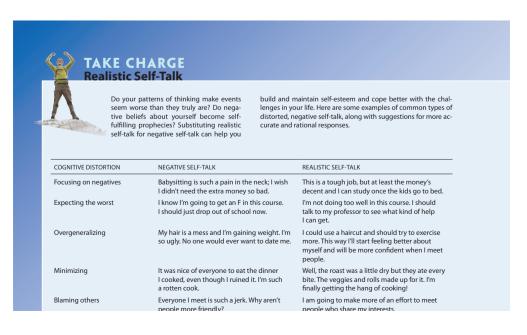


Connect Core Concepts in Health supports student learning with a wealth of print and online features. In addition to the rich set of resources available in Connect, feature boxes in the text highlight issues related to diversity, behavior change, and consumer awareness. The 13th edition features two vibrant transparency sections called "Touring Lifestyle Behaviors" and "Touring the Cardiorespiratory System" designed to engage students and reinforce learning, especially for visual learners.

A PERSONAL APPROACH TO BEHAVIOR CHANGE

An extensive program of Wellness Worksheets help students to evaluate and assess their own health-related behaviors, and to chart their progress in meeting personal health goals. These Wellness Worksheets are available online, where they can be assigned, submitted, and stored electronically.

Il the in	formatio	n you e	nter in this exercise will be saved when you exit.				
	t may in wing list		both cancer fighters and cancer promoters. Trac	k your (diet for 3	3 days	and select which day you ate any food on one
Potential Cancer Fighters					Day2	Day3	
Orange and yellow vegetables and (some) fruits							whole grains (whole-grain bread, cereal, and pasta; brown rice; etc.)
Day1	Day2	Day3	apricots				legumes (peas, lentils, and beans, including fava, navy, kidney, pinto, black, and lima bear
			cantaloupe				apples
			carrots				asparagus
			mangoes				berries (strawberries, raspberries, blueberries
			papaya				chili peppers
			pumpkin				grapes
			red and yellow peppers	\Box			green peppers
			sweet potatoes (yams)				honeydew melon
			winter squash (acom, butternut, banana, etc.)				kiwi fruit
			other:				onions, garlic, leeks
							radishes
Dark-green leafy vegetables							soy products (tofu, tempeh, soy milk, miso, soybeans, etc.)
Day1	Day2	Day3	beet greens				sprouts (alfalfa, broccoli)
		181	broccoli rabe				tomatoes
		[77]	chard				watermelon
			collard greens				other:



"Embracing Wellness," "Ask Yourself," and "Take Charge" sections encourage students to relate material to their own lives, to examine their healthrelated behaviors, and to take responsibility for those behaviors and change them when necessary. Many of these sections are paired with assignable and assessable activities in Connect. Effective and lasting behavior change is given even greater emphasis in the 13th edition, with a streamlined pedagogical program focusing on actions student can take now and in the future, a new box program ("Wellness on Campus") focusing on the health and well-being of college students, and a new "Behavior Change Contract" in Chapter 1.

BEHAVIOR CHANGE STRATEGY

Dealing with Social Anxiety

Shyness is often the result of both high anxiety levels and lack of key social skills. To help overcome shyness, you need to learn to manage your fear of social situations and to develop social skills such as appropriate eye contact, initiating topics in conversations, and maintaining the flow of conversations by asking questions and making appropriate responses.

and making appropriate responses.
As described in the chapter, repeated exposure to the source of one's fear—in this case social situations—is the best method for reducing anxiety. When you practice new behaviors, they gradually become easier and you experience less anxiety.

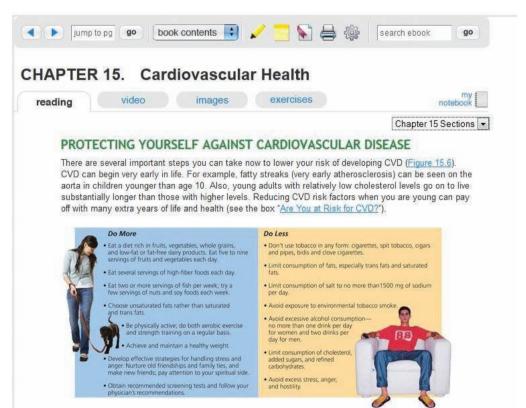
A counterproductive strategy is avoiding situations that make you anxious. Although this approach works in the short term—you eliminate your anxiety because you escape the situation—it keeps you from meeting new people and having new experiences. Another counterproductive strategy is self-medicating with alcohol or drugs. Being under their influence actually prevents you from learning new social skills and new ways to handle your anxiety.

- Watch your interpretations. Having a stress reaction doesn't mean that you don't belong in the group, that you're unattractive or unworthy, or that the situation is too much for you. Try thinking of yourself as excited or highly alert instead of anxious.
- Avoid cognitive distortions and practice realistic self-talk. Replace your self-critical thoughts with more supportive ones: "No one else is perfect, and I don't have to be either." "It would have been good if I had a funny story to tell, but the conversation was interesting anyway."
- Give yourself a reality check: Ask if you're really in a life-threatening situation (or just at a party), if the outcome you're imagining is really likely (or the worst thing that could possibly happen), or if you're the only one who feels nervous (or if many other people might feel the same way).
- Don't think of conversations as evaluations. Remind yourself that you don't

life—a course you're taking or a hobby you have—to something in the other person's life. Match selfdisclosure with self-disclosure.

- Have something to say. Expand your mind and become knowledgeable about current events and local or campus news. If you have specialized knowledge about a topic, practice discussing it in ways that both beginners and experts can understand and appreciate.
- If you get stuck for something to say, try giving a compliment ("Great presentation!" or "I love your earrings.") or performing a social grace (pass the chips or get someone a drink).
- Be an active listener. Reward the other person with your full attention and with regular responses. Make frequent eye contact and maintain a relaxed but alert posture. (See Chapter 4 for more on being an active listener.)

At first, your new behaviors will likely make



With the Connect Plus interactive e-Book, students can access Connect Core Concepts in Health anywhere, anytime. Among its features are the ability to highlight, take notes, and bookmark key content, providing one place for simple, comprehensive review.

KEY FEATURES AND LEARNING AIDS

The streamlined pedagogical program for the 13th edition maintains important features discussing diversity, behavior change, and personal reflection, while integrating some key material into the body of the chapter. All features that appear with a Connect icon offer a linked Connect activity.



Diversity Matters features address the ways that our personal backgrounds influence our health strengths, risks, and behaviors.



Embracing Wellness boxes outline ways that physical health is influenced by *all* of the dimensions of wellness and provide strategies for improvement.



Assess Yourself features provide rubrics and assessments for students to use in analyzing their own health and health-related behaviors.



Critical Consumer sections help students to navigate the numerous and diverse set of health-related products currently available.

Take Charge boxes challenge students to take meaningful action toward personal improvement.

Behavior Change Strategy sections offer specific behavior management/modification plans related to the chapter topics.

Quick Stat sections focus attention on particularly striking statistics related to the chapter content.

Ask Yourself (Questions for Critical Thinking) sections encourage critical reflection on students' own health-related behaviors.

Tips for Today and the Future end each chapter with a quick, bulleted list of concrete actions readers can take now and in the near future.

Connect to Your Choices sections challenge students to explore their inner motivations for their health choices and to explore ways of translating this awareness into action.

CHAPTER-BY-CHAPTER CHANGES

Chapter 1

- The discussion of the dimensions of wellness has been thoroughly updated with the addition of *financial wellness* and refined explanations of emotional, interpersonal, and occupation wellness.
- All of the chapter's statistical material has been updated to reflect the latest information on morbidity, mortality, and measures of quality of life.
- The discussion of Healthy People 2020 has been updated with the newest round of objectives and the latest statistics on Americans' progress toward meeting these goals.
- A new Wellness Matters box, "Wellness Matters for College Students," introduces students to the wellness issues most relevant to their age and circumstances.
- A new blank Behavior Change Contract provides a vital tool for tracking and achieving meaningful behavior change.

Chapter 2

- Statistics on stress have been updated throughout, with data from the 2011 American Psychological Association's "Stress in America" survey.
- A new Wellness Matters box, "Coping with News of Traumatic Events," helps students deal with troubling news, whether it be about local, nation, or international events.
- An expanded discussion of the role of spirituality in managing stress includes spiritual engagement beyond the traditional definition of organized religion.

Chapter 3

- A new section on becoming resilient defines psychological resilience and provides tips for building personal resilience.
- All of the chapter's statistical material has been updated to reflect the latest information on the prevalence of psychological disorders among Americans.
- A new Wellness Matters box, "Deliberate Self-Harm," addresses the prevalence of and treatment for deliberate self-injury.
- Updated coverage of pharmacological therapy includes the latest drug therapies for depression, psychosis, and ADHD; discussion of the criticisms of drug therapy has been expanded.

Chapter 4

- Self-acceptance is added to the discussion of self-concept and self-esteem, including the role that adults play in nurturing self-acceptance in children.
- A new section explores the role that emotional intelligence plays in developing and maintaining meaningful relationships; tips are included on enhancing one's own emotional intelligence.
- The discussion of ending a relationship has been expanded to include "rebound relationships."
- A new section addresses the potential positive and negative effects that digital communication has on human relationships.
- The discussion of same-sex marriage has been updated to include the latest state and national legislature action.
- Demographic statistics have been updated throughout, with data from the U.S. Census Bureau, the National Center for Health Statistics, and others.

Chapter 5

- A new table about reproductive aging in women outlines the changes that occur in the female reproductive system from puberty to postmenopause.
- A new Wellness Matters box, "Questions to Ask before Getting Involved in a Sexual Relationship," prompts readers to consider their sexual beliefs, interest, and boundaries before entering a sexual relationship.
- Statistics on Americans' sexual attitudes and behaviors have been thoroughly updated.

Chapter 6

- An expanded discussion of the principles of contraception introduces students to the broad principles involved in effective contraception.
- A new Wellness Matters box, "Contraception Use and Pregnancy among College Students," provides the most up-to-date statistics on college-aged populations, including differences among races and ethnicities.
- Sections on the contraceptive ring, contraceptive implants, injectable contraceptives, and IUDS have been updated with the latest information about effectiveness and potential side effects.

• Statistics on the popularity and effectiveness of available contraceptive methods have been updated throughout.

Chapter 7

- Information about the current legal status of abortion has been updated to include the latest laws and restrictions.
- The most current statistics on abortion rates and methods have been integrated throughout the chapter.
- A new section provides information about a man's legal rights regarding abortion.

Chapter 8

- New information about ethnicity and genetic disease has been added to the Diversity Matters box.
- The sections about infertility and infertility treatments have been updated with the latest statistics and medical considerations.
- New information about the causes and survival rates of preterm birth is now included in the section about complications of pregnancy.

Chapter 9

- A new section addresses the rise of synthetic recreational drugs, including "bath salts."
- A new Wellness Matters box, "Drug Use among College Students," contains the latest statistics and data.
- Information about gender differences and drug use has been significantly revised.
- The section about the legal consequences of drug use has been updated and expanded.

Chapter 10

- A new Wellness Matters box about alcoholic energy drinks details the usage and dangers of these increasingly popular beverages.
- The newest data on binge drinking are included, along with discussion of the potentially harmful consequences of this practice.
- Material about gender differences and alcohol use has been integrated throughout the chapter.

Chapter 11

- Statistics on tobacco use have been updated with data from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health, the Youth Risk Behavior Strategy, the American Cancer Society, and others.
- Updated content about e-cigarettes addresses their composition and the validity of their marketing claims.

Chapter 12

• Coverage of U.S. food guidance systems has been updated to reflect the new 2010 Dietary Guidelines for Americans.

- · Coverage of the USDA's new MyPlate has been added.
- The recommended Daily Allowances for calcium and vitamin D have been updated to reflect 2011 revisions to the Dietary Reference Intakes (DRIs) by the Food and Nutrition Board of the Institute of Medicine.
- New content about the 2011 Food Safety Modernization Act appears.

Chapter 13

- A new, more detailed definition of physical fitness opens the chapter.
- All exercise guidelines have been updated to reflect the 2011 statement of the ACSM.
- A new section about responders versus nonresponders to exercise addresses the variety of individual responses to any particular exercise program.
- A new section describes how to use a heart rate monitor to measure the intensity of exercise.

Chapter 14

- Statistics on overweight and obesity in the United States have been updated, including breakdowns by gender and race/ethnicity; all statistics reflect the latest numbers available from the CDC.
- Results of the latest research on overweight and obesity are addressed throughout the chapter.
- Material from the 2010 Dietary Guidelines for Americans on overweight and obesity has been added, including information about obesogenic environments.
- A new Wellness Matters box, "The Freshman 15: Fact or Myth?" addresses the true amount of typical college weight gain and provides tips for maintaining a healthy weight in college.

Chapter 15

- Statistics on heart disease have been updated throughout.
- New information appears about optimal cholesterol and LDL levels.
- New content addresses the use of statins to reduce the risk of CVD.

Chapter 16

- A new figure (16.1) provides data on cancer deaths attributable to cigarette smoking.
- A new section describes the link between the BRCA gene and breast cancer.
- Expanded coverage addresses environmental and industrial pollution as a cause of cancer.

- Information about screening and treatment for prostate cancer and ovarian cancer has been updated with the latest medical recommendations.
- New information appears about the treatment of melanoma.

Chapter 17

- Statistics on top infectious diseases nationwide and worldwide have been updated with data from the CDC and the WHO.
- A new Wellness on Campus box, "Meningococcal Meningitis and College Students," provides information about n
 the disease along with vaccination recommendations from
 the CDC and the American College.
- A new section provides coverage of the 2011–2012 controversy over suppression of influenza research.
- A new Embracing Wellness box, "Exercise, Diet, Body Weight, and the Immune System," addresses the link between overall physical fitness and wellness and immunological health.

Chapter 18

- Statistics on the prevalence of HIV/AIDS and other STDs in the United States and worldwide have been updated throughout, with breakdowns by gender, ethnicity/ race, sexual orientation, and sexual behavior; the latest numbers available from the CDC, the WHO, and UN-AIDS are included.
- Content updates address the latest research on HIV/ AIDS and other STDs.
- The new U.S. Preventive Services Task Force and American Cancer Society recommendations for Pap test and HPV test are included.
- New coverage addresses the STD lymphogranuloma venereum.

Chapter 19

- Updated coverage of global warming provides the latest scientific information about the problem and potential solutions.
- Information about renewable energy sources has been significantly updated with the latest usage statistics and technologies.

- A new section addresses the risk and benefits of extreme energy sources.
- · All statistics have been updated throughout the chapter.

Chapter 20

- A new section about pharmaceuticals and the placebo effect integrates this coverage into the chapter.
- The Critical Consumer box "Evaluating Health News" has been significantly revised to better guide students through appraising the legitimacy of health information and recommendations.
- A new Wellness on Campus box guides students through the process of creating a personal health record.

Chapter 21

- Updated information discusses the dangers of distracted driving, including coverage of recent state legislation and the NTSB's recommended ban on the use of portable electronic devices while driving.
- Statistics have been updated throughout with data from the National Safety Council, Federal Bureau of Investigation, CDC, WHO, and others.

Chapter 22

- A new section about sexual functioning in older adults describes changes that typically occur as we age.
- Expanded information about dementia discusses the latest Alzheimer's research, as well as other common causes of dementia.

Chapter 23

- The chapter has been revised throughout to address the typical concerns of a student audience.
- The section about end-of-life care has been considerably revised, including a significantly expanded section about hospice care.
- Material about funeral procedures has been updated to reflect the rising prevalence of cremation in the United States.

TEACHING AND LEARNING WITH CORE CONCEPTS IN HEALTH



Design your own ideal course materials with McGraw-Hill's Create www.mcgrawhillcreate.com. Rearrange or omit chapters, combine material from other sources, upload your syllabus or any other content you have written to make the perfect resource for your students. Search thousands of leading McGraw-Hill textbooks to find the best content for your students; then arrange it to fit your teaching style. You can even personalize your book's appearance by selecting the cover and adding your name, school, and course information. When you order a Create book, you receive a complimentary review copy. Get a printed copy in 3 to 5 business days or an electronic copy (e-Comp) via e-mail in about an hour.

Register today at **www.mcgrawhillcreate.com**, and craft your course resources to match the way you teach.



McGraw-Hill CampusTM is a new one-stop teaching and learning experience available to users of any learning management system. This institutional service allows faculty and students to enjoy single sign-on (SSO) access to all McGraw-Hill Higher Education materials, including the award-winning McGraw-Hill Connect® platform, from directly within the institution's website. McGraw-Hill Campus provides faculty with instant access to all McGraw-Hill Higher Education teaching materials (e.g., eTextbooks, test banks, PowerPoint slides, animations, and learning objects), allowing them to

browse, search, and use any instructor ancillary content in our vast library at no additional cost to instructor or students. Students enjoy SSO access to a variety of free (e.g., quizzes, flash cards, narrated presentations) and subscription-based products (e.g., McGraw-Hill Connect). With this program enabled, faculty and students will never need to create another account to access McGraw-Hill products and services.



Tegrity Campus is a service that makes class time available around the clock. It automatically captures every lecture in a searchable format for students to review when they study and complete assignments. With a simple one-click start-and-stop process, you capture all computer screens and corresponding audio. Students replay any part of any class with easy-to-use browser-based viewing on a PC or Mac. With Tegrity Campus, students quickly recall key moments by using Tegrity Campus's unique search feature, which lets them efficiently find what they need, when they need it, across an entire semester of class recordings. Help turn all your students' study time into learning moments immediately supported by your lecture. To learn more about Tegrity, watch a 2-minute Flash demo at http://tegritycampus.mhhe.com.

INSTRUCTOR SUPPLEMENTS

Find materials you need to get your course up and running on **www.mhhe.com/Insel13e.** There, you will find:

- Course Integrator guide
- Test bank
- PowerPoint slides
- · Transparency masters and student handouts
- Health and wellness related weblinks

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Connect Core Concepts in Health has benefited from the thoughtful commentary, expert knowledge, and helpful suggestions of many people. We are deeply grateful for their participation in the project.

Academic Contributors

Philip Insel, M.S. Center for Imaging of Neurodegenerative Disease, VA Medical Center, San Francisco Stress: The Constant Challenge

Thomas D. Fahey, Ed.D., California State University—Chico Exercise for Health and Fitness

Philip Takakjian, Ph.D.

Intimate Relationships & Communication

Lisa Medoff, Ph.D., Stanford University Sex & Your Body

Katherine Willoughby, Ph.D., Stanford University Contraception and Abortion

Sarah Waller, M.D., Stanford University Pregnancy and Childbirth

Patrick Zickler, Senior Health and Science Writer, Circle Solutions, Inc.

Drug Use and Addiction

Marcia Seyler, MPH Alcohol Use and Alcoholism

Omid Fotuhi. Ph.D. University of Waterloo *Tobacco Use*

Melissa Bernstein, Ph. D, R.D., L.D., Rosalind Franklin University of Medicine and Science Nutrition Basics and Weight Management

Tannon Carroll, M.D., M.P.A., Cardiovascular Medicine Fellow, Stanford University Hospital Cardiovascular Health Lauren Maeda, M. D., Oncology Fellow, Stanford University

Cancer

Martha Zinuga, Ph.D., University of California, Santa Cruz Immunity and Infection

Candice McNeil, M.D., Stanford University Sexually Transmitted Diseases

Dennis Murphy, MBA, Founding Chair, U.S. Green Bldg. Council of California Environmental Health

Robert Jarski, Ph.D., Professor of Health Sciences, Directory, Complementary Medicine and Wellness Program, Oakland University

Conventional and Complementary Medicine

Michael Hoadley, Ph.D., Assistant Vice-President for Academic Affairs, Center for Academic Technology Support, Eastern Illinois University Personal Safety

Mary Iten, Ph.D., University of Nebraska at Kearney Aging: A Vital Process

Nancy Kemp, M.D. Dying and Death

Academic Advisors and Reviewers for the Thirteenth Edition

Kathleen Allison, Lock Haven University of Pennsylvania
Jana Arabas, Truman State University
Paul Bondurant, Macomb Community College
Janis Bowman, Jamestown Community College
Becca Brimhall, Utah Valley University—Orem
Carol Carr-Smith, Community College of Baltimore
County—Essex
Allen J. Cone, East Los Angeles College
Brent Damron, Bakersfield College
Nicholas Dicicco, Camden County College
Brian Findley, Palm Beach State College—Lake Worth

Dee Ann Goshgarian, West Hills College—LeMoore

Kyle Hanks, Los Medanos College

Brian Hickey, Florida A&M University

Karen Hunter, Eastern Kentucky University

Matt Hutchins, Indiana State University—Terre Haute

Maureen Johnson, Indiana State University—Terre Haute

Kelly Knee, College of Western Idaho

Rhonna Krouse, College of Western Idaho

Garry Ladd, Southwestern Illinois College

Alison Oberne, University of South Florida—Tampa

Kurt Olson, Modesto Jr. College

Rick Scheidt, Frescno City College

Christine Sholtey, Waubonsee Community College

Rob Turrisi, Penn State University—University Park

Silvia Villasenor, Moreno Valley College

Bonnie Young, Georgia Perimeter College

Personal Health Symposia **Participants**

Dede Bodnar, San Diego City College

Christine Bouffard, Waubonsee Community College

Curtiss Brown, Solano Community College

Carrie Edwards, Southeastern Louisiana University

Kelly Falcone, Palomar College

Jennifer Fay, Arizona State University

Gabrielle Floyd, Texas Southern University

Jackie Franz, Mercer County Community College

Rachelle Franz, University of Central Oklahoma

Kathy Gilbert, Indiana University

Gilbert Gipson, Virginia State University

Christine Gorman, Kean University

Christine Harrison, Montgomery College—Rockville

Del Helms, Mt. San Jacinto College-Menifee

Kathy Hixon, Northeastern State University

Jerolyn Hughes-Golightly, Alabama A&M University

Don Hume, Kingsborough Community College

Kris Jankovitz, California Polytech State University

Chester Jones, University of Arkansas-Fayetteville

Walt Justice, Southwestern College

Raeann Koerner, Ventura College

Jennifer Langeland (Mills), Western Michigan University

Grace Lartey, Western Kentucky University

Randy Maday, Butte College

Lori Mallory, Johnson County Community College

Michelle McCarthy, San Jose State

Brian McFarlin, University of Houston

Alison Oberne, University of South Florida—Tampa

Caree Oslislo-Wizenberg, Anne Arundel Community

College

Kimberly Peabody, Benedict College

Kay Perrin, University of South FL-Tampa Dollie Richards,

Salt Lake Community College

Tara Rouse, Pearl River Community College—Poplarville

Linda Rosskopf, Georgia Institute of Technology

Karla Rues, Ozarks Technical Community College

Cindy Shelton, University of Central Arkansas

Jake Silvestri, Hudson Valley Community College

Cynthia Smith, Central Piedmont Community College

John Smith, Springfield College

Jamean Southall, Hampton University

Amanda Tapler, Elon University

Gayle Truitt-Bean, Clarion University of Pennsylvania

Carol Weideman, Western Michigan University—

Kalamazoo

Jae Westfall, Ohio State University-Columbus

Virginia White, Riverside City College