SUMMARY

- 1. The role of the researcher is a primary consideration in qualitative research because the researcher is the primary data collection instrument.
- 2. Researchers can use various roles (complete participant, participant as observer, observer as participant, or complete observer) to immerse themselves in the interaction setting to collect firsthand data.
- 3. Developing the purpose for the research project will create a road map for a qualitative study.
- 4. The focus of a qualitative research study is a broadly stated research question or statement of the researcher's expectations.
- 5. Researchers plan and design their qualitative study recognizing that flexibility in the field will likely be required.
- 6. To find their samples for qualitative research, researchers use snowball, purposive, or maximum variation sampling.
- 7. Gaining access, or getting in, to the research setting includes making the initial contact, negotiating access, establishing entry and operational parameters, and becoming known to the participants.
- 8. Qualitative data is collected through observation and note taking.
- 9. The researcher must become immersed in the interaction setting, utilize a variety of observation strategies, and take complete and detailed notes.
- 10. What counts as data in qualitative research is broadly defined.
- 11. Who the researcher is—his or her qualities and attributes—will affect what and how he or she observes.

KEY TERMS

active members commitment acts complete members complete observer complete participant concept map fieldnotes gatekeeper key informant

maximum variation sampling observer as participant participant as observer participant observation peripheral members purposive sampling snowball sampling sponsor

See the website www.mhhe.com/keyton4 that accompanies this text. For each chapter, the site contains a:

- chapter outline
- chapter checklist
- chapter summary
- short multiple-choice quiz
- PowerPoint presentation created by Dr. Keyton

For a list of internet resources, visit http://www.joannkeyton.com/Communication ResearchMethods.htm.