Innovative Textbook Features . .

Using Accounting for Decisions

Whether we prepare, analyze, or apply accounting information, one skill remains essential: decision making. To help develop good decision-making habits and to illustrate the relevance of accounting, we use a pedagogical framework we call the Decision Center. This framework encompasses a variety of approaches and subject areas, giving students insight into every aspect of business decision making; see the four nearby examples for the different types of decision boxes, including those that relate to fraud. Answers to Decision Maker and Ethics boxes are at the end of each chapter.

Decision A	nalysis 📃 📕	Current Ratio
A1 Compute the current ratio and describe what it reveals about a company's financial condition.	future. Such analysis affects decis fects decisions by creditors when due date, and collateral requirem debts when they come due. The c	tements is to help assess a company's ability to pay its debts in the near sions by suppliers when allowing a company to buy on credit. It also af leading money to a company, including loan terms such as interest near terms. It can also affect a manager de tecisions about tuing each to pay merrent radio is one measure of a company's ability to pay its short-term 4-10 as current assets divided by current liabilities.
EXHIBIT 4.10 Current Ratio		Current ratio = Current assets Current liabilities

Decision Insight

- Women Entrepreneurs The Center for Women's Business Research reports that women-owne businesses, such as Haru, are growing in the United States and that they:
- Total approximately 11 million and employ nearly 20 million workers.
- Generate \$2.5 trillion in annual sales and tend to embrace technology
- Are philanthropic—70% of owners volunteer at least once per month.
 Are more likely funded by individual investors (73%) than venture firms (15%).
- Are more likely funded by individual investors (73%) than venture firms (15%).

Decision Ethics

Credit Manager As a new credit manager, you are being trained by the outgoing manager. She explains that the system prepares checks for amounts net of favorable cash discounts, and the checks are dated the last day of the discount period. She also tells you that checks are not mailed until five days later, adding that "the company gets free use of cash for an extra five days, and our department locks better. When a supplie complains, we baine the computer system and the mailroom."

Decision Maker

Financial Officer Your company has a 36% gross margin ratio and a 17% net profit margin ratio Industry averages are 44% for gross margin and 16% for net profit margin. Do these comparative results concern you?

"Authors do a good job of relating material to real-life situations and putting students in the decision-maker role."

Chapter Preview

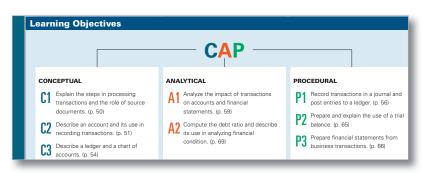
-Morgan Rockett, Moberly Area Community College

Chapter Preview

Each chapter opens with a visual chapter preview. Students can begin their reading with a clear understanding of what they will learn and when, allowing them to stay more focused and organized along the way. Learning objective numbers highlight the location of related content.



Buyers of merchandise expect many products, discount prices, merchandising activities and explain the new financial statement



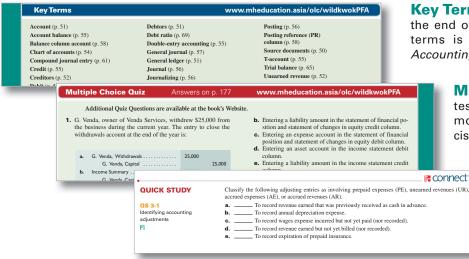
CAP Model

The Conceptual/Analytical/Procedural (CAP) Model allows courses to be specially designed to meet the teaching needs of a diverse faculty. This model identifies learning objectives, textual materials, assignments, and test items by C, A, or P, allowing different instructors to teach from the same materials, yet easily customize their courses toward a conceptual, analytical, or procedural approach (or a combination thereof) based on personal preferences.

Outstanding Assignment Material...

Once a student has finished reading the chapter, how well he or she retains the material can depend greatly on the questions, exercises, and problems that reinforce it. This book leads the way in comprehensive, accurate assignments.

Chapter Summaries provide students with a review organized by learning objectives. Chapter Summaries are a component of the CAP model (see page xiii), which recaps each conceptual, analytical, and procedural objective.

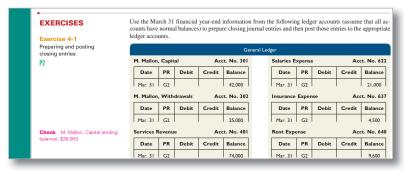


Key Terms are bolded in the text and repeated at the end of the chapter. A complete glossary of key terms is available online through *Connect Plus Accounting.*

> **Multiple Choice Quiz** questions quickly test chapter knowledge before a student moves on to complete Quick Studies, Exercises, and Problems.

> > **Quick Study** assignments are short exercises that often focus on one learning objective. Most are included in *Connect Plus Accounting*. There are at least 10–15 Quick Study assignments per chapter.

Exercises are one of this book's many strengths and a competitive advantage. There are at least 10–15 per chapter, and most are included in *Connect Plus Accounting*.



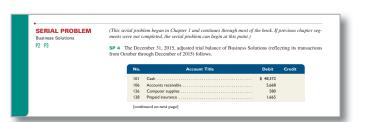


Problem Sets A & B are proven problems that can be assigned as homework or for in-class projects. All problems are coded according to the CAP model (see page xiii), and Set A is included in *Connect Plus Accounting.*

Helps Students Master Key Concepts

Beyond the Numbers exercises ask students to use accounting figures and understand their meaning. Students also learn how accounting applies to a variety of business situations. These creative and fun exercises are all new or updated and are divided into sections:

- Reporting in Action
- Comparative Analysis
- Ethics Challenge
- · Taking It to the Net Teamwork in Action
- Hitting the Road
- Communicating in Practice
- Entrepreneurial Decision
- Global Decision



Beyond the N BTN 3-1 Refer to Adidas' financial statements in Appendix A to answer the followin REPORTING IN ACTION Identify and write down that revenue recognition principle as explained in the chapter. Search Adidas' notes to discover how it applies the revenue recognition principle. Replaced and the second secon C1 C2 A1 A2 What is Adidas' profit margin for financial years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012? Round the percents to one decimal place each. Access Adidas' latest financial statements for fiscal years ending after December 31, 2013 from its Web-site (<u>http://www.adidas_group.com/en/investors/financial-reports</u>). Compare and assess the Decem-ber 31, 2013 financial year profit margin to any subsequent year's profit margin that you compute.

Serial Problems use a continuous running case study to illustrate chapter concepts in a familiar context. The Serial Problem can be followed continuously from the first chapter or picked up at any later point in the book; enough information is provided to ensure students can get right to work.

"I have used many editions of this text and have been very happy with the text and all of the supplementary materials. The textbook is kept current, and is straightforward, and very usable by students. The online resources get better with each edition."

-Susan Cordes, Johnson County Community College

General Ledger Problems New General Ledger problems enable students to see how transactions post. Students can track an amount in any financial statement all the way back to the original journal entry. Critical thinking components then challenge students to analyze the business activities in the problem.

Using transactions from the following assignments, prepare journal entries for each transaction and identify the financial statement impact of each entry. The financial statements are automatically gener- ated based on the journal entries recorded.	GENERAL LEDGER PROBLEM	
GL 2-1 Transactions from the FastForward illustration in this chapter	Available only in	
GL 2-2 Based on Exercise 2-9	Connect Plus	
GL 2-3 Based on Exercise 2-12		
GL 2-4 Based on Problem 2-1A		
Using transactions from the following assignments, record journal entries, create financial statements, and assess the impact of each transaction on financial statements.		

	Journa	Ledger	Balance	Receivabl	Payabl	es State	ement	Income
view tr	ansaction	list view g	eneral journ	al				
Journa	l Entry	Worksheet						0
1234	5 8 2 8 9	10 11 12 13 14	15 18 17					
< Th	ie cost of	the merchandis	e sold to Ar	t Co. was \$8	00.		Î	
	Date	Account Title				Debit	Credit	
Jul 19	Jul 19	Cost of goods sold				800		
		M			-		80	0
		120: Mercl	nandise inv	rentory	-			
		120: Mercl 307: Com		rentory				
			non stock		Ĵ			
		307: Com	non stock		* *			

The End of the Chapter Is Only the Beginning Our valuable and proven assignments aren't just confined to the book. From problems that require technological solutions to materials found exclusively online, this book's end-of-chapter material is fully integrated with its technology package.

